

## 研究業績 英文表記

和文	
表題	通所リハビリテーション利用者および居宅介護施設入所者における運動機能, 生活範囲, ADL が QOL に及ぼす影響
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英文	
Title	Effects of motor function, range of living, and ADL on quality of life in day rehabilitation users and residents of in-home care facilities
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Abstract	<p>We investigated the effects of motor function, community living environment, and the activity of daily living (ADL) on the quality of life (QOL) of day-care center rehabilitation users (day-care center users) and in-home care facility residents (residents). Eleven commuters and eleven residents. The E-SAS (Elderly Status Assessment Set) was used to assess motor function and living environment in the community, and ADL and QOL were assessed at the same time. Significant differences were found between commuters and residents in Life-Space Assessment, confidence not to fall, bathing, and walking ability in the E-SAS, and in social relationships in QOL. A strong positive correlation was found between ADL and QOL in day care residents, but not in residential residents. The results suggest that the range of life and the amount of activity do not determine QOL in the residents, but that the individual living environment and relationships in the facility play a major role.</p>
keyword	Quality of life, Activity of daily living, E-SAS

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