

研究業績 英文表記

和文	
表題	精神科長期在院患者の発現と病院療養環境との関連—630 調査にもとづく分析—
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英文	
Title	Relationship between the Presence of Long-Stay Psychiatric Inpatients and the Hospital Environment : an analysis based on the 630 survey
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Abstract	<p>Targeting 58 hospitals with 30 or more psychiatric beds in Osaka Prefecture, we clarified the presence of long-stay patients in each hospital based on the 630 survey 2021, examined the distribution among hospitals, and clarified how the hospital environment is involved in the presence of long-stay patients. The average of 58 hospitals with patients staying for 3 months or more, 6 months or more, 1 year, 5 years, and 20 years or more was 67.8%, 59.7%, 51.3%, 23.1%, and 4.6%, respectively, but there were large disparities among hospitals, with the maximum percentage of patients staying for more than 5 years reaching 51.3% and the proportion of patients staying for more than 20 years reaching 19.6%.</p> <p>In multiple regression analysis, disparities in long-stay patient presence between hospitals were related to factors such as medical staffing, proportion of patients with schizophrenia, and number of psychiatric beds. The small number of doctors and nurses was strongly associated with the high proportion of long-stay patients, and the low number of social workers was also significantly related to the high proportion of patients staying for more than one year.</p> <p>The fact that the number of psychiatric beds is related to the higher proportion of long-stay patients is probably the result of continuing the problem of past psychiatric care, in which the number of psychiatric beds has been pushed up by the retention of long-stay patients in hospitals. In order to prevent long-stay patients in psychiatric beds, it is necessary to improve the medical staff of hospitals and provide more intensive team care.</p>
keyword	psychiatric hospital, long-stay patient, hospital environment, 630 survey

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