研究業績 英文表記

1917127(1)X 7(2)CHC	
和文	
表題	高齢の慢性期脳卒中片麻痺患者を対象とした杖使用の有無を判別する身体機能の検討一居
12/05	住地域の変量効果を考慮した横断研究―
著者名	釜崎 大志郎 1,2), 大田尾 浩 1), 八谷 瑞紀 1), 北島 貴大 3), 中村 正造 4), 手塚 善貴 5), 下木
	原 俊 ²⁾ , 丸田 道雄 ^{6,7)} , 室谷 健太 ⁸⁾ , 田平 隆行 ⁹⁾
	1) 西九州大学 リハビリテーション学部 リハビリテーション学科
	2) 鹿児島大学大学院 保健学研究科 博士後期課程
所属	3) 医療法人ひらまつ病院リハビリテーション科
	4)医療法人松籟会河畔病院リハビリテーション科
	5)医療法人尽心会百武整形外科病院リハビリテーション科
	6)長崎大学生命医科学域(保健学系)
	7) 鹿児島大学医学部客員研究員
	8) 久留米大学バイオ統計センター
	9) 鹿児島大学大学院 保健学研究科
英文	
	Physical function to discriminate between presence and absence of cane use in older adults with
Title	hemiplegia from chronic stroke—Cross-sectional study with variable effects of region of
	residence—
	Taishiro Kamasaki ¹ , Hiroshi Otao ¹ , Mizuki Hachiya ¹ , Takahiro Kitajima ³ , Syozo
Author	Nakamura ⁴⁾ , Yoshitaka Tetsuka ⁵⁾ , Suguru Shimokihara ²⁾ , Michio Maruta ^{6 7)} , Kenta Murotani ⁸⁾ ,
	Takayuki Tabira ⁹⁾
	1) Faculty of Rehabilitation Sciences, Department of Rehabilitation Sciences, Nishikyushu
Affiliation	University 2) Destard Business of Clinical Navagarashistas Cardwate Sahad of Health Sciences
	2) Doctoral Program of Clinical Neuropsychiatry, Graduate School of Health Sciences, Kagoshima University
	3) Department of Rehabilitation Medicine, Hiramatsu Hospital
	4) Department of Rehabilitation Medicine, Kahan Hospital
	5) Department of Rehabilitation Medicine, Hyakutake Orthopedic Hospital
	6) Department of Occupational Therapy, Nagasaki University Graduate School of Biomedical
	Sciences
	7) Visiting Researcher, Faculty of Medicine, Kagoshima University
	9) Biostatistics Center, Kurume University
	10) Graduate School of Health Sciences, Kagoshima University The purpose of this study was to everying the physical functions that discriminate
	The purpose of this study was to examine the physical functions that discriminate between the presence and absence of cane use in older adults with hemiplegia from
Abstract	chronic stroke. The analysis included 206 older adults with hemiplegia from chronic
	stroke (mean age 77±7 years, 49% female). The analysis revealed that the presence or
	absence of cane use was associated with knee extension muscle strength on the
	paralyzed side (estimated value -0.13 , p = 0.049) and 30 CST (-0.18 , p = 0.013). Lower
	limb muscle strength was found to be associated with presence or absence of cane use
	in older adults with hemiplegia from chronic stroke. The results suggest the need to
	focus on lower limb muscle strength when considering the prescription of a cane.
keyword	Stroke; Walking aids; Lower limb muscle strength.
Reyword	Stroke, Walking alus, Lower mild muscle strength.

[※]本データの英文表記は実際の論文上の表記とは異なります。